Noise Feasibility Study

Proposed Residential Development North Birdie Smith Udora, Ontario

December 28, 2024 HGC Project#: 02200336



Prepared for:

J&J Developments 71 Shannon St Toronto, Ontario M6J 2E6



Version Control

Ver.	Date	Version Description	Prepared By
1	December 28, 2024	Noise Feasibility Study to support planning and approval process.	S. Paul



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Table of Contents

1	INTRO	DUCTION & SUMMARY	1
2	SITE D	ESCRIPTION & NOISE SOURCES	2
	2.1 Site	Description	. 2
3	TRAFF	IC NOISE ASSESSMENT	2
	3.1 Roa	d Traffic Noise Criteria	. 2
	3.2 Traf	fic Data	. 4
	3.2.1	Road Traffic Data	. 4
	3.3 Traf	fic Noise Predictions	. 4
	3.4 Disc	cussion and Recommendations	. 5
	3.4.1	Outdoor Living Areas	. 5
	3.4.2	Indoor Living Areas and Ventilation Requirements	. 6
		Building Façade Constructions	
	3.4.4	Warning Clauses	. 6
4	CONCL	USIONS AND SUMMARY	7
•		ementation	
_			
5	DEFED	FNCES	a

Figure 1: Key Plan Figure 2: Site Plan

Figure 3: Site Plan Showing Ventilation Requirements

Appendix A: Road Traffic Information Appendix B: STAMSON 5.04 Output





NOISE VIBRATION ACOUSTICS



1 INTRODUCTION & SUMMARY

HGC Engineering was retained by J&J Developments to conduct a Noise Feasibility Study for a proposed residential development located north of Birdie Smith Court in Udora, Ontario. The subject lands are identified as Part of Lot 35, Concession 6, in the Township of Uxbridge. The proposed development consists of 9 lots. This study is required by Durham Region as part of the planning and approvals process.

This report has been updated to reflect the latest site plan prepared by E.R. Garden Limited dated November 11, 2024 and the latest traffic volumes from the Region of Durham.

The primary sources of noise are road traffic on Ravenshoe Road and Durham Road 1 (Concession Road 7). Future traffic sound levels at the proposed building façades and outdoor living areas were predicted using road traffic data obtained from the Regional Municipality of Durham. The predicted sound levels were compared to the guidelines of the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and the Region to develop noise control recommendations.

The results of this study indicate that with suitable noise control measures integrated into the design of proposed dwellings, it is feasible to achieve the MECP guideline sound levels. Dwellings with some exposure to Ravenshoe Road should be designed with a provision for the installation of central air conditioning in the future, at the occupant's discretion. For all the dwelling units, building constructions meeting the minimum requirements of the Ontario Building Code will provide sufficient acoustical insulation for the indoor spaces to comply with the MECP noise criteria. Noise warning clauses are recommended to inform future residents of the possible traffic noise impacts in the area.





2 SITE DESCRIPTION & NOISE SOURCES

2.1 Site Description

Figure 1 is a key plan indicating the location of the proposed site. The site is located south of an existing row of houses from Ravenshoe Road and west of an existing row of houses from Durham Road 1. A roadway is proposed from Durham Road 1. A proposed site plan of the development prepared by E.R. Garden Limited dated November 11, 2024, is shown in Figure 2. The proposed development will consist of 7 residential lots and a stormwater block.

The primary sources of noise impacting the site are road traffic on Ravenshoe Road and Durham Road 1. Existing two storey residences surround the proposed development.

3 TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT

3.1 Road Traffic Noise Criteria

Guidelines for acceptable levels of road noise impacting residential developments are given in the MECP publication NPC-300, "Environmental Noise Guideline Stationary and Transportation Sources – Approval and Planning", release date October 21, 2013, and are listed in Table 1 below. The values in Table 1 are energy equivalent (average) sound levels $[L_{EQ}]$ in units of A weighted decibels [dBA].

Table 1: Applicable Sound Level Limits [dBA]

Space	Daytime [L _{EQ-16hr}] Road	Nighttime [L _{EQ-8hr}] Road		
Outdoor Living Areas	55			
Inside Living/Dining Rooms	45	45		
Inside Bedrooms	45	40		

Daytime refers to the period between 07:00 and 23:00. Nighttime refers to the time period between 23:00 and 07:00. The term "Outdoor Living Area" (OLA) is used in reference to an outdoor patio, a backyard, a terrace, or other area







where passive recreation is expected to occur. Small balconies are not considered OLAs for the purposes of assessment. Terraces greater than 4 m in depth (measured perpendicular to the building façade) are considered to be OLAs.

The guidelines in the MECP publication allow the daytime sound levels in an Outdoor Living Area to be exceeded by up to 5 dBA, without mitigation, if warning clauses are placed in the purchase and rental agreements to the property. Where OLA sound levels exceed 60 dBA, physical mitigation is required to reduce the OLA sound level to below 60 dBA and as close to 55 dBA as technically, economically, and administratively practical.

A central air conditioning system as an alternative means of ventilation to open windows is required for dwellings where nighttime sound levels outside bedroom or living/dining room windows exceed 60 dBA or daytime sound levels outside bedroom or living/dining room windows exceed 65 dBA. If the sound level in the plane of a bedroom or living/dining room window is greater than 55 dBA and less than or equal to 65 dBA, the dwelling should be designed with a provision for the installation of central air conditioning in the future, at the occupant's discretion.

Building components such as walls, windows and doors must be designed to achieve indoor sound level criteria when the plane of window nighttime sound level is greater than 60 dBA or the daytime sound level is greater than 65 dBA due to road traffic noise.

Warning clauses to notify future residents of possible excesses are also required when nighttime sound levels exceed 50 dBA at the plane of bedroom or living/dining room window and daytime sound levels exceed 55 dBA in the outdoor living area and at the plane of bedroom or living/dining room window due to road traffic.





VIBRATION ACOUSTICS



3.2 Traffic Data

3.2.1 Road Traffic Data

Traffic data for Ravenshoe Road and Durham Road 1 was obtained from the Region of Durham in the form of Ultimate Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) traffic values, and is provided in Appendix A.

For Ravenshoe Road an ultimate volume of 20 000 vehicles per day at an operating speed limit of 80 km/h was applied for the analysis. A commercial vehicle percentage of 4% for medium trucks and 6% for heavy trucks was applied. A day night split of 90%/10% and a road gradient of <2% was used.

For Durham Road 1 an ultimate volume of 6 000 vehicles per day at an operating speed limit of 50 km/h was applied for the analysis. A commercial vehicle percentage of 2.1% for medium trucks and 4.9% for heavy trucks was applied. A day night split of 90%/10% and a road gradient of <2% was used. Table 2 summarizes the traffic volume data used in this study.

Trucks **Speed Limit Ultimate** Day / Night Split Percentage (%) Roadway [km/h] **AADT** [%] Medium Heavy 80 20 000 90 / 10 4 6 Ravenshoe Road

90 / 10

Table 2: Ultimate Road Traffic Data

3.3 Traffic Noise Predictions

6 000

Durham Road 1

(Concession 7)

To assess the levels of road traffic noise which will impact the study area in the future, sound level predictions were made using STAMSON version 5.04, a computer algorithm developed by the MECP. STAMSON output is included in Appendix B.

Predictions of the traffic sound levels were chosen around the site to obtain an appropriate representation of future sound levels at various potential façades and in outdoor living areas. Sound levels were predicted at the plane of the top







50

4.9

2.1

storey bedroom and/or living/dining room windows during the daytime and nighttime hours to investigate ventilation and façade construction requirements. Figure 2 shows the site plan. The results of these predictions are summarized in Table 3.

Table 3: Predicted Future Sound Levels, Without Mitigation [dBA]

Lot No.	Description	Daytime at Façade dBA LEQ(16)	Nighttime at Facade dBA L _{EQ(8)}	OLA dBA LEQ(16)
1 - 4	Southernmost Properties	<55	<50	<55
5	Property with some exposure to Durham Road 1- East façade	56	<50	56
6	North Property with some exposure to Ravenshoe Road - North façade	58	51	58
7	North Property with some exposure to Ravenshoe Road - North façade	58	51	58

3.4 Discussion and Recommendations

The sound level predictions indicate that the future traffic sound levels will exceed MECP guidelines at many of the lots in the proposed development. The following discussion outlines the recommendations for ventilation requirements, upgraded building façade construction, and warning clauses to achieve the noise criteria stated in Table 1.

3.4.1 Outdoor Living Areas

The predicted daytime sound level will be up to 58 dBA in the rear yards of the northernmost properties (Lots 5, 6, 7). The predicted sound level at these OLAs exceed the MECPs limit of 55 dBA by 3 dBA. Physical mitigation is not required to address these excesses; however, warning clauses are recommended to inform future occupants of the sound level excesses due to traffic noise.

The remaining rear yards will have sound levels below the 55 dBA limit and mitigation is not required.







3.4.2 Indoor Living Areas and Ventilation Requirements

Provision for the Future Installation of Air Conditioning

The predicted sound levels at the plane of the windows on dwellings located in the northern most lots will be between 56 and 65 dBA during daytime hours and/or between 51 to 60 dBA during nighttime hours. To address these excesses, the MECP guidelines recommend that these dwellings should be designed with a provision for the installation of central air conditioning in the future, at the occupant's discretion. Figure 3 indicates the lots requiring provision for the installation of air conditioning at the occupant's discretion. Inclusion of air conditioning will meet and exceed the requirements. The guidelines also recommend warning clauses for these units. The location, installation and sound ratings of the outdoor air conditioning devices should minimize noise impacts and comply with criteria of MECP publication NPC-300, as applicable.

3.4.3 Building Façade Constructions

The predicted future sound levels outside the living room/dining room/bedroom windows of all dwellings will be less than 65 dBA during the daytime hours and less than 60 dBA during the nighttime hours. Any exterior façade constructions meeting the requirements of the Ontario Building Code will provide sufficient sound insulation for the indoor spaces.

3.4.4 Warning Clauses

The MECP guidelines recommend that warning clauses be included in the property and tenancy agreements for all dwelling units with anticipated road and rail traffic sound level excesses. Examples are provided below in the same order as outlined in NPC-300.

Suggested wording for future dwellings with minor sound level excesses is given below.

Type A:





VIBRATION ACOUSTICS



Purchasers/tenants are advised that sound levels due to increasing road traffic may on occasion interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the sound level limits of the Municipality and the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks.

Suitable wording for future dwellings requiring forced air ventilation systems is given below.

Type C:

This dwelling unit has been fitted with a forced air heating system and the ducting etc., was sized to accommodate central air conditioning. Installation of central air conditioning will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the Municipality's and the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks' noise criteria. (Note: The location and installation of the outdoor air conditioning device should be done so as to minimize the noise impacts and comply with criteria of MECP publication NPC-300.)

These sample clauses are provided by the MECP as examples and can be modified by the Municipality as required.

CONCLUSIONS AND SUMMARY 4

The following list and Table 4 and Figure 3 summarize the recommendations made in this report. The reader is referred to the previous sections of the report where these recommendations are applied and discussed in more detail.

- 1. The northerly dwellings should be designed with a provision for the installation of central air conditioning in the future, at the occupant's discretion. The location, installation and sound ratings of the air conditioning devices should comply with NPC 300.2.
- 2. The use of warning clauses in the property and tenancy agreements is recommended to inform future residents of traffic noise issues.







Table 4: Summary of Noise Control Requirements and Noise Warning Clauses

Lot No.	Acoustic Barrier	Ventilation Requirements	Type of Warning Clause	Building Construction
5, 6, 7		Forced Air	A, C	ОВС
All remaining dwellings				OBC

Note:

OBC – meeting the minimum requirements of the Ontario Building Code

OBC - meeting the minimum Ontario Building Code requirements

LRDR - Living Room / Dining Room

BR - Bedroom

4.1 Implementation

To ensure that the noise control recommendations outlined above are properly implemented, it is recommended that:

1. Prior to the issuance of occupancy permits for this development, the Municipality's building inspector or a Professional Engineer qualified to perform acoustical engineering services in the Province of Ontario should certify that the noise control measures have been properly incorporated, installed, and constructed.







⁻⁻ no specific requirement

^{*} The location, installation, and sound rating of the air conditioning condensers must be compliant with MECP Guideline NPC-300.

⁻⁻ No specific requirement

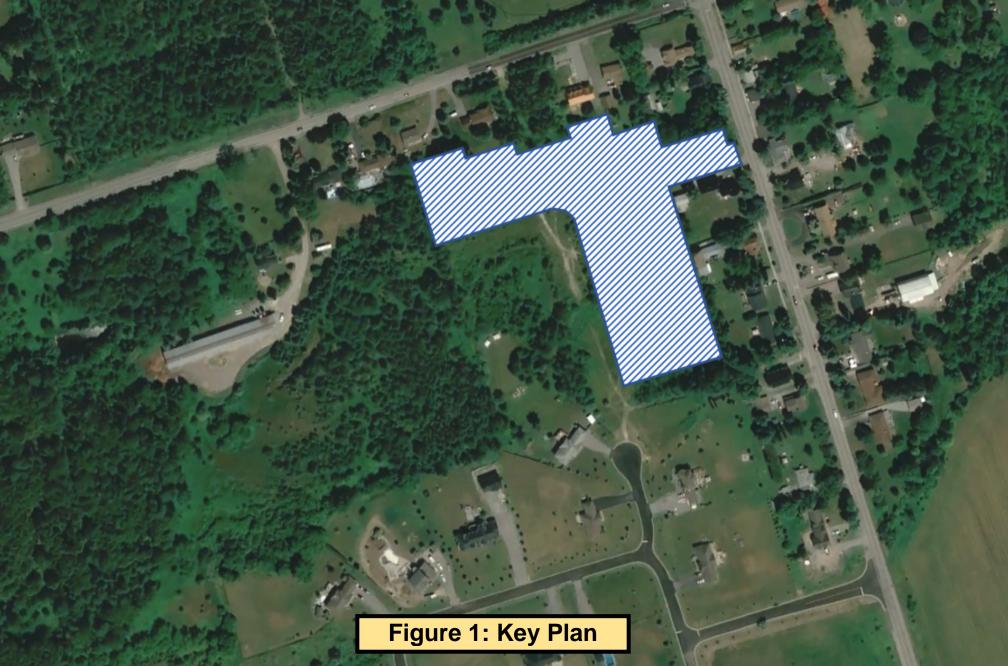
5 REFERENCES

- 1. Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, Publication NPC-300, Environmental Noise Guideline - Stationary and Transportation Sources - Approval and Planning, August 2013.
- 2. Google Maps Aerial Imagery, Internet application: maps.google.com.





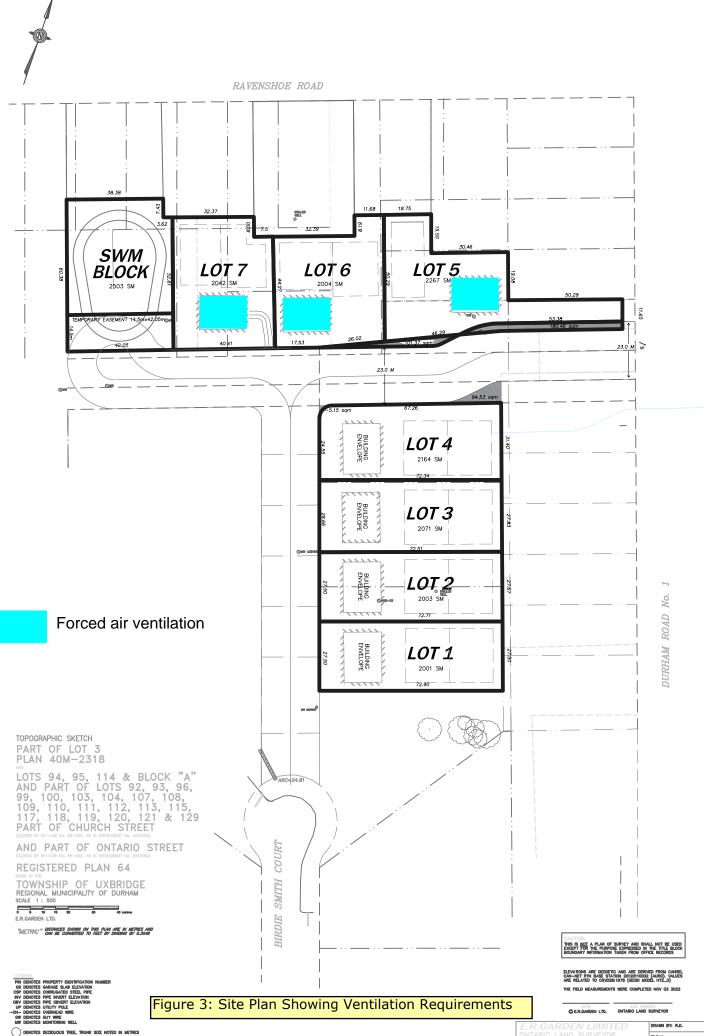




RAVENSHOE ROAD METT SWM LOT 5 LOT 7 LOT 6 BLOCK 2042 SM 2004 SM Trille BUILDING ENVELOPE 11.65 23.0 M LOT 4 2164 SM LOT 3 LOT 2 No. ROAD BUILDING LOT 1 2001 SM TOPOGRAPHIC SKETCH PART OF LOT 3 PLAN 40M-2318 LOTS 94, 95, 114 & BLOCK "A" AND PART OF LOTS 92, 93, 96, 99, 100, 103, 104, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 115, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121 & 129 PART OF CHURCH STREET (CORD IN THE UNIT OF A B A STRIBBLET HE DEGLES) ARC=24.81 AND PART OF ONTARIO STREET COURT REGISTERED PLAN 64 SMITH "METRIC" DISTANCES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE IN METRES AND CONFERRED TO FEET BY DINDING BY 0.3048 THIS IS NOT A PLAN OF SURVEY AND SHALL NOT BE USED EXCEPT FOR THE PURPOSE EXPRESSED IN THE TITLE BLOCK ROLINDARY INFORMATION TAKEN FROM OFFICE RECORDS ELEVATIONS ARE GEODETIC AND ARE DERIVED FROM CANSEL CAN-MET RTN BASE STATION 20120110002 (AURO). VALUES ARE RELATED TO CQVD28:1978 (GEOID MODEL HT2_0) Figure 2: Site Plan THE FIELD MEASUREMENTS WERE COMPLETED NOV 03 2022

1260 JOURNEY'S END CIRCLE, UNIT 1

FILE No.



1260 JOURNEY'S END CIRCLE, UNIT 1

FILE No.

Appendix A Road Traffic Data









The Regional Municipality of Durham

Planning and Economic Development Department

Planning Division

605 ROSSLAND RD. E. 4TH FLOOR P.O. BOX 623 WHITBY, ON L1N 6A3 CANADA 905-668-7711 1-800-372-1102 Fax: 905-666-6208 E-Mail: planning@durham.ca

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Brian Bridgeman, MCIP, RPP, PLE Commissioner of Planning and Economic Development

ROAD SEGMENT TRAFFIC FORECASTS FOR NOISE ANALYSES

This information is to be used as the basis for assessing the potential impacts of noise, generated by traffic on Provincial Highways and arterial roads, on proposed land uses that are sensitive (e.g., residential subdivisions). Arterial roads include existing and future Type A, B and C, as designated in the Durham Regional Official Plan.

Noise assessment reports recommend specific measures to be integrated into the design of sensitive developments to reduce road noise impacts to acceptable levels.

Provided For:

Name / Name of Firm: Sheeba Paul, HGC Noise Vibration Acoustics

Address: 2000 Argentia Road, PL 1, Suite 203, Mississagua ON L5N 1P7

Telephone: (905) 826-4044 Fax:

Location of Proposal:

approximately 75 meters southwest of the intersection of Ravenshoe Road and Concession Road 7, Udora, Uxbridge

Municipality: Lot(s): Concession:

Durham Region File No. (if available):

Name of Property Owner (if available):

Date Request Received: December 19, 2024 Received By: Anthony Caruso

Date Forecast Sent: December 20, 2024

Name of Road Segment	Forecasted AADT*	No. of Lanes	% of Trucks	Heavy : Medium Truck Ratio		Speed (km/h)
Ravenshoe Road (RR39 to RR1)	20,000	2	10	60	40	80

^{*} Average Annual Daily Traffic. Forecast based on ultimate development according to the Durham Regional Official Plan.

December 20, 2024 Page 1 of 1



The Regional Municipality of Durham

Planning and Economic Development Department

Planning Division

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Economic Development

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Noise assessment reports recommend specific measures to be integrated into the design of sensitive developments to reduce road noise impacts to acceptable levels.

Provided For:

Name / Name of Firm: Patrick Walsh, HGC Engineering

Address: 2000 Argentia Rd 1, Suite 203, Mississauga

Telephone: (905) 826-4044 Fax:

Location of Proposal:

691 Ravenshoe Rd, Udora

Municipality: Uxbridge Lot(s): Concession:

Durham Region File No. (if available):

Name of Property Owner (if available):

Date Request Received: May 11, 2022 Received By: Victor Copetti

Date Forecast Sent: May 17, 2022

Name of Road Segment	Forecasted AADT*	No. of Lanes	% of Trucks	Heavy : Medium Truck Ratio		Speed (km/h)
Ravenshoe Rd (west of Concession Rd 7)	10,000	2	10	60	40	60
Concession Rd 7 (south of Ravenshoe Rd)	6,000	2	7	70	30	50
	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0

^{*} Average Annual Daily Traffic. Forecast based on ultimate development according to the Durham Regional Official Plan.

May 17, 2022 Page 1 of 1

Appendix B Sample STAMSON Calculations







Page 1 of 2

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 23-12-2024 130:01:50 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: 6.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Daytime and nighttime sound levels at Lot 6, North Property with some exposure to Ravenshoe Road - North façade Road data, segment # 1: Ravenshoe Rd (day/night) ______ Car traffic volume : 16200/1800 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume: 720/80 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1080/120 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 80 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 20000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 4.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 6.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 90.00 Data for Segment # 1: Ravenshoe Rd (day/night) ______ : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg : 0 (No woods.) : 1 / 1 : 50 % : 1 (Absorptive ground surface) Angle1 Angle2 Wood depth No of house rows House density Surface Receiver source distance : 79.00 / 79.00 mReceiver height : 4.50 / 1.50 m 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography : Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: Ravenshoe Rd (day) Source height = 1.57 m ROAD (0.00 + 58.35 + 0.00) = 58.35 dBAAnglel Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 90 0.57 73.63 0.00 -11.31 -1.30 0.00 -2.67 0.00 Segment Leq: 58.35 dBA





Page 2 of 2

Total Leq All Segments: 58.35 dBA

Results segment # 1: Ravenshoe Rd (night)

Source height = 1.57 m

ROAD (0.00 + 51.01 + 0.00) = 51.01 dBA

Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj

SubLeq

-90 90 0.66 67.10 0.00 -11.96 -1.45 0.00 -2.67 0.00

51.01

Segment Leq: 51.01 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 51.01 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 58.35

(NIGHT): 51.01







Page 1 of 1 Lot 6 ola

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 23-12-2024 130:01:33

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: 6ola.te Time Period: 16 hours

Description: Daytime sound level in the rear yard of Lot 6, with some

exposure to Ravenshoe Road

Road data, segment # 1: Ravenshoe Rd

Car traffic volume : 16200 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 720 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1080 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 80 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

Data for Segment # 1: Ravenshoe Rd

-9U.00 deg : 0 : 1 Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth (No woods.)

No of house rows 50 % House density :

Surface : (Absorptive ground surface) 1

Receiver source distance : 75.00 m

Receiver height : 1.50 m $\,$

Topography (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) 1

Reference angle : 0.00

Results segment # 1: Ravenshoe Rd

Source height = 1.57 m

ROAD (0.00 + 57.91 + 0.00) = 57.91 dBA

Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj

SubLea

-90 90 0.66 73.63 0.00 -11.59 -1.45 0.00 -2.67 0.00

Segment Leq: 57.91 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 57.91 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES: 57.91





